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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/733,111	12/11/2003	Robert A. Pyles	PO-8028/MD-03-34	7891	
157	7590 05/17/2005		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BAYER MATERIAL SCIENCE LLC			EINSMANN, MARGARET V		
100 BAYER F PITTSBURGI	- -		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
FILISBURGI	1, FA 13203		1751		

DATE MAILED: 05/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/733,111	PYLES ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Margaret Einsmann	1751			
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).					
Status	·	·			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This	·				
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-27 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.					
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 					
Attachment(s)					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12/11/03; 3/28/05. 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:					

U.S. Patent and Trademark Offic PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1- 27 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-8 of U.S. Patent No.6,733,543 B2. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the claims of the patent include a dyeing process as claimed wherein an aqueous dye solution as claimed is used to dye thermoplastic and thermosetting polymers as claimed wherein the aqueous dyeing solution contains a plasticizing agent which is inclusive of the carrier as claimed and also a leveling agent which include the diol as claimed in the process of the

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instant invention. The process steps in both the patent and the instant application comprise the same four process steps. The particular polymers claimed in the process of the patent are specifically claimed in this application in claim 2; both application and patent contain dependent claims which claim the use of disperse dyes, surfactants, the same specific dye classes, the same diols and the same plasticizers. Compare claims 2-8 in the patent to the application claims. This application contains claims that are not specifically claimed in the patent, but would have been obvious to one having skill in the art. For example, while the patent claims dveing a molded article, this application claims a generic step of providing said molded article (claim 22) step; this application also specifically lists additives to the plastic article which are conventional additives which do not change the dyeing effect of the process as claimed. Accordingly, the issuance of a patent from this application would prolong the protection of the 6,733,543 patent.

Claims 1-27 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of 1-27 of copending Application No. 10/733,657. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other

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because they both claim a process of treating a plastic article comprising a polymer selected from thermoplastic and thermoset polymers using the same four process steps. The claims differ in two ways:

- 1. The claims of 10/733,657 claim a process using a carrier that includes the carrier as claimed in the instant application wherein R1 in '657 =R in the instant application. When in '657 n= 2 or 3, m=1 and R2=H, the carrier in '657 is the carrier claimed in the instant application.
- 2. The claims of '657 do not specifically claim a dyeing process.
 However, when the treatment composition comprises an optical brightener, it is a dyeing process. Noting the dependent claims of the two applications, one can see that they are substantially similar, claiming the same carriers, surfactants and diols used in the process of claim 1 of each patent.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Margaret Einsmann whose telephone number is 571-272-1314. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:00 AM -4:30 PM M-W and alternate Fridays.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Yogendra Gupta can be reached on 571-272-1316. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Friday, May 13, 2005

Margaret Einsmann
Primary Examiner
Art Unit 1751